

Evidence Based Programme and Policy Implementation Roundtable.

NIH-NICHD on Double Burden of Malnutrition Among Children and Children in LMICs

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# THE DAYS OF KWASHIORKOR AND MARASMUS MAYBE OVER...

#### WHAT ARE THE CRISES WE FACE TODAY?

- Climate (change, variability, poor mitigation etc.)
- Conflicts
- COVID 19
- Cost of Food
- Cost of Fuel
- Cost of Fertilizer
- \* Coordination

#### THE OTHER CRISES

- Dwindling physical activity amongst young children and adults alike
- Couch potato mentality
- Modern technologies take over
- Traditional/cultural food and diets vs. modern diets
- The diet transition
- Paucity of real data and information
- Overwhelmed health and related systems

#### WHAT ARE WE REALLY DEALING WITH HERE?

- Worsening inequalities gender, youth, marginalized and indigenous peoples
- COVID 19 exposed the cracks in systems, policies and programmes
- But the upside is; COVID shows us we are less reliant on external commodities and support
- Revisiting indigenous food and knowledge systems
- Pushed us to better early warning and preparedness mode
- Hopefully there will be better accountability (avoid the fraud...)

#### WHAT ARE WE REALLY DEALING WITH HERE?



## MALNUTRITION is a global problem

BILLION adults are

overweight or

obese

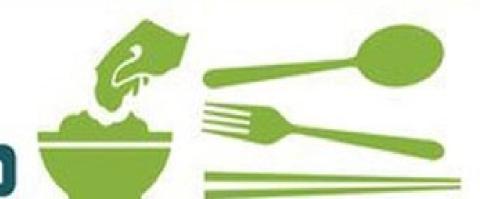
BILLION people suffer from some form of micronutrient deficiency

161 Million children under the age 5 are too short for their age

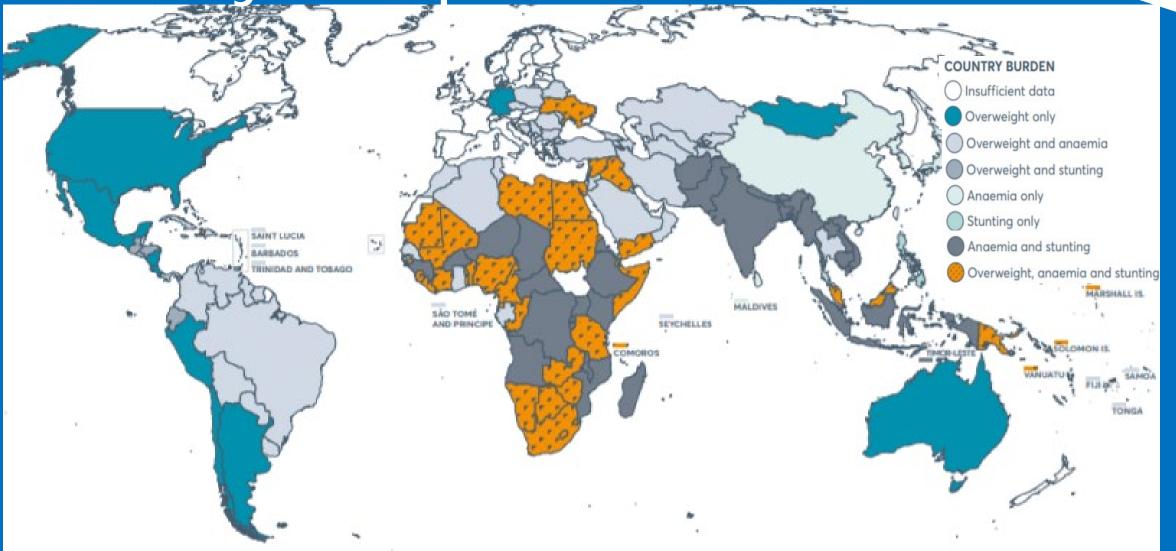
Million people do not get the food they need to live a healthy life

**UNHEALTHY DIETS** 

are one of the leading causes of global malnutrition



Visualizing the multiple burden of malnutrition



- 143 countries (where there is data) experience at least one form of malnutrition at high levels
- 124 countries experience high levels of at least two forms of malnutrition
- Of the 124 countries, **37 experience high levels of all three forms of malnutrition**

## 30 out of 41

countries that struggle with high levels of all three forms of malnutrition are in Africa

Coexisting burdens of malnutrition affect millions of children, increasing their risk of poor health outcomes.





# WHAT DO WE REALLY KNOW ABOUT WHAT KIDS ARE EATING?

#### NOT MUCH ?????

- Spending time away from home
- Influence and peer pressure for colleagues
- Poor food choices and nutrition/consumer education
- Inadequate societal and parental guidance
- Neglect of the traditions and roots of good nutrition
- Young mothers rearing children naming and shaming
- Loose guidance and consequences from the system
- Proper nutrition education (for adolescents especially)
- Cultural and societal "gagging"
- Body shape issues etc.

#### THE REALITY:

## AFRICA'S TRIPLE BURDEN OF MALNUTRITION AT A GLANCE

- Under-nutrition
- ❖59 Million children under-five are stunted 31%
- **❖14 Million** children under-five are wasted **17%**
- **❖ 10 Million** under-five are overweight **5%**
- Over-nutrition
- 40% of adult women are overweight and 16% are considered obese
- \*24% of adult men are overweight and 6% are considered obese
- Micro-nutrient Deficiencies
- 38% of women of reproductive age are anaemic due to iron deficiencies

### AN EXAMPLE FROM SOUTH AFRICA

Broad Policy, food environments, cultural values, nutrition education, peer pressure, social policy and grants, advertising, youth aspirations, schools as an intervention for better???









#### IN THE CONTEXT OF THE FAO 4 BETTERS

- Better Production
- Better Environment
- Better Nutrition
- Better Life

But? How can we achieve these noble 4 Bs for better youth and better heath and development to combat childhood triple burden of malnutrition with the impending challenges?

### **OPPORTUNITIES AT HAND**

- UN Food Systems Summit Outcomes
- Africa Common Position on Food Systems and Nutrition
- AU Africa Year of Nutrition and Food Security for Resilient Systems
- Outcomes of the COP Egypt coming up soon plus Helsinki
- Outcomes of the G7, AU Summits, Technical Dialogues, Policy Advocacy Engagements with e.g. PAP
- UNFSS Coalitions and Alliances
- Beef up our data and information Systems engage media, youth et al.
- Research Consortium and BOND-KIDS

#### **KEY TAKE-AWAYS AND MESSAGES**

- Invest in appropriate and context specific research that is targeted to address the local nutrition problems e.g. the domestication and nutrient analysis of traditional, indigenous and neglected underutilized foods (in addition to exotics)
- Ensure a multisectoral integrated approach and coordination from research, to pedagogy, policy, programme design and implementation
- Invest and increase national budgets in early childhood and development for better health and nutrition – from public, private and innovative financing
- Educate consumers esp. children to create a demand driven culture for nutrient dense products plant, acqua, livestock, wild, etc. for healthier diets and obesity prevention
- Understand the links between climate change, soil health, food production, healthy diets and nutrition, using the school environments as a spring board.



## THAT'S ALL FOLKS!